



PBNI Equality Impact Screening

Part 1 Policy Scoping

Information about the policy

This form should be read in conjunction with the Equality Commission's revised Section 75, "A Guide for Public Authorities" April 2010 and available via the following link <u>S75 Guide for Public Authorities April 2010</u>. Staff should complete a form for each new or revised policy for which they are responsible (see page 6 for a definition of policy in respect of section 75).

The purpose of screening is to identify those policies that are likely to have an impact on equality of opportunity and/or good relations and so determine whether an Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA) is necessary. Screening should be introduced at an early stage when developing or reviewing a policy.

1.1 Name of the policy

Enhanced Combination Orders (Restorative and parenting interventions)

1.2 Is this an existing, revised or a new policy?

Existing

1.3 What is it trying to achieve? (Intended aims/outcomes)

The objective of the Enhanced Combination Order is to divert offenders from short-term custodial sentences by offering sentencers an existing community option in a more intensive package with a focus on rehabilitation, reparation, restorative practice and desistance, and support with family or parenting issues

1.4 Are there any Section 75 categories which might be expected to benefit from the intended policy? If so, explain how.

No –	open to all groups	
1.5	Who initiated or wrote the policy?	
PBNI		
1.6	Which Dept. owns and who implements the policy?	
PBNI		

Implementation factors

1.7	aim/outcome of the policy/decision?
yes	
If yes,	are they
\boxtimes	financial
	legislative
	other, please specify
Main s	stakeholders affected
1.8	Who are the internal and external stakeholders (actual or potential) that the policy will impact upon?
\boxtimes	staff
\boxtimes	service users
\boxtimes	other public sector organisations
	voluntary/community/trade unions
specify	other, please
1.9	Other policies with a bearing on this policy
•	what are they?
•	who owns them?

Available evidence

1.10 What evidence/information (both qualitative and quantitative) have you gathered to inform this policy? Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories.

Section 75 category	Details of evidence/information			
Religious belief	Service User Data on those who started an order in 2011/12			
	Religious Belief	PSRs N=3,002 (49%)	New Orders N=1,670 (46%)	-
	Roman	52%	52%	_
	Protestant	36%	38%	
	Other Christian	2%	2%	
	Muslim	*		
	Other	1%	1%	
	None	8%	8%	_
Political opinion	Service User Data	on those who		
	Political Opinion	PSRs N=2,917 (4	,	626
	Unionist	, ,	10%	11%
	Nationalist		12%	12%
	None		60%	58%
	Other		2%	2%
	Prefer Not To Say		17%	17%
Racial group	Service User Data			ler in 2011/12 -
	Racial Group	PSRs N=3,046 (49%)	New Orders N=1,690 (46%)	
	White	97%	98%	_
	Chinese	*		
	Black African Black	1%	*	
	Black Other	*		
	Irish Traveller	1%	1%	
	Other	1%	1%	

N=6,17 Under 18 18-19 20-24 25-29	SRs* N	w Orders =3,660 100%) 4% 11% 29%	
Under 18 18-19 20-24 25-29	4% 9% 26%	4% 11% 29%	
20-24 25-29	26%	29%	
25-29			
	18%		
	1070	19%	
30-39	21%	19%	
40-49	15%	13%	
50-59	6%	5%	
60 +	2%	1%	
Service User Data on	those who starte	d an order in 2	2011/12
Marital Status			<i>3</i>)
Single (Never	, ,	,	<u> </u>
·			
vvidowed	170	17	<u>70 </u>
Service User Data on	those who starte	d an order in 2	2011/12
Sexual Orientation	PSRs	New Orders	_
	N=2,914	N=1,615	
Heterosexual/ Straight	` '	99%	 6
Gay/ Lesbian	1%	1%	
Bisexual	*	k	*
	50-59 60 + Service User Data on Marital Status Single (Never Married Separated Divorced Widowed Service User Data on Sexual Orientation Heterosexual/ Straight Gay/ Lesbian	50-59 6% 60 + 2% Service User Data on those who started Marital Status PSRs N=2,958 (48%) Single (Never Married) 70% Married 16% Separated 7% Divorced 6% Widowed 1% Service User Data on those who started Sexual Orientation PSRs N=2,914 (47%) Heterosexual/ Straight 99% Gay/ Lesbian 1%	50-59 6% 5% 60 + 2% 1% Service User Data on those who started an order in 2 Marital Status PSRs New Orders N=2,958 (48%) N=1,635 (45%) Single (Never 70% 77% 77% Married 16% 12% 12% Separated 7% 5% 5% Divorced 6% 5% 5% Widowed 1% 1% 1% Sexual Orientation PSRs New Orders N=2,914 (47%) N=1,615 (44%) Heterosexual/ Straight 99% 99% Gay/ Lesbian 1% 1% 1%

Disability		New
Dioability	PSRs N=2,964 (48%)	Orders N=1,647 (45%)
None	63%	66%
Mental Health Cond	ition 22%	21%
Physical Impairment	9%	7%
Long Term Illness	6%	5%
Learning Disability/	5%	4%
Sensory Impairment	1%	1%
Sensory Impairment Other	1% 4%	1% 4%_
Other		4%
Other Service User Data of	on those who started a	4% an order in 20 New Orders N=1,658
Other Service User Data of Dependents	PSRs N=2,993 (48%)	4% an order in 20 New Orders N=1,658 (45%)
Other Service User Data of Dependents None	PSRs N=2,993 (48%) 53% 45%	4% an order in 20 New Orders N=1,658 (45%) 56%

Needs, experiences and priorities

1.11 Taking into account the information referred to above, what are the different needs, experiences and priorities of each of the following categories, in relation to the particular policy/decision? Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories

Section 75 category	Details of needs/experiences/priorities
Religious belief	No specific needs, experiences or priorities have been identified
Political opinion	No specific needs, experiences or priorities have been identified
Racial group	Foreign national offender while small in number may especially find this service of great assistance in accessing support and local knowledge.
Age	No specific needs, experiences or priorities have been identified
Marital status	No specific needs, experiences or priorities have been identified
Sexual orientation	No specific needs, experiences or priorities have been identified
Men and women generally	Open to both male and female offenders
Disability	The offending population has higher rates of mental health disabilities than the societal average.
Dependants	No specific needs, experiences or priorities have been identified

Part 2 Equality Screening Questions

SCREENING QUESTIONS

- 2.1 In making a decision as to whether or not there is a need to carry out an equality impact assessment, consider questions 2.5 -2.8 listed below.
- 2.2 If the conclusion is <u>none</u> in respect of all of the Section 75 equality of opportunity and/or good relations categories, then the decision may to screen the policy out. If a policy is 'screened out' as having no relevance to equality of opportunity or good relations, give details of the reasons for the decision taken.
- 2.3 If the conclusion is <u>minor</u> in respect of one or more of the Section 75 equality categories and/or good relations categories, then consideration should still be given to proceeding with an equality impact assessment, or to:
 - i.measures to mitigate the adverse impact; or
 - ii.the introduction of an alternative policy to better promote equality of opportunity and/or good relations.
- 2.4 If the conclusion is <u>major</u> in respect of one or more of the Section 75 equality of opportunity and/or good relations categories, then consideration should be given to subjecting the policy to the equality impact assessment procedure.

2.5 Equality Impact

What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, for each of the Section 75 equality categories? Minor | Major | None Level of impact? Section 75 Details of policy impact Minor | Major | None category Religious belief None **Political** None opinion Racial group Foreign Nationals can expect to benefit from one to Minor one mentoring and this will assist with the promotion of equality buy ensuring that they can tap into local knowledge in relation to local services and opportunities – albeit that the number affected will be low. The majority of offenders are young males and Minor Age therefore this multi-identity group will benefit from the provision of this project. None Marital status No specific needs, experiences or priorities have been identified None Sexual No specific needs, experiences or priorities have been identified orientation Men and women The majority of offenders are young males and Minor therefore this multi-identity group will benefit from generally the provision of this project. Disability Minor With higher levels of mental health disabilities in the sentenced population this group will benefit significantly in relation to one to one mentoring provision.

Dependants	No specific needs, experiences or priorities have been identified	None
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2.6 Promotion of Equality

Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equalities categories?				
Section 75 category	If Yes , provide details	If No , provide reasons		
Religious belief		Equality consideration will be incorporated in the procedures that will guide this project.		
Political opinion		As above		
Racial group		As above		
Age		As above		
Marital status		As above		
Sexual orientation		As above		
Men and women generally		As above		
Disability		As above		
Dependants		As above		

2.7 Good Relation Impact

To what extent is the policy likely to impact on good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group? Minor Major None					
Good relations category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact Minor Major None			
Religious belief	The benefit is to reduce offending as offenders remain in the communities where they reside, with an intensive package of support, therefore making communities safer for everyone.	Minor			
Political opinion	As above	Minor			
Racial group	As Above	Minor			

2.8 Promotion of Good Relations

4 Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?				
Good relations category	If Yes , provide details	If No , provide reasons		
Religious belief	This project is intended to create safer communities and therefore potentially better community relations			
Political opinion	As Above			
Racial group	As Above			

Additional considerations

Multiple identities

2.9 Generally speaking, people can fall into more than one Section 75 category. Taking this into consideration, are there any potential impacts of the policy/decision on people with multiple identities? (For example; disabled women; young Protestant men; and young lesbians, gay and bisexual people). The majority of offenders affected by this initiative will likely be young males (under 30). 2.10 Provide details of data on the impact of the policy on people with multiple identities. Specify relevant Section 75 categories concerned. Assistance will be offered to help offenders to stop their offending behaviour and lead more productive lives 2.11 Is there an opportunity thorough this policy for PBNI to promote positive attitudes towards disabled people or encourage the participation of disabled people in public life? \bowtie Yes No If answered yes detail how this will be achieved: -The support offered will greatly assist offenders with disabilities as each person will receive a tailored packager of support to address their unique needs.

Part 3 Screening decision

3.1 If the decision is not to conduct an	equality impact	assessment,	please	provide
details of the reasons.				

The overall impact of the project is designed to reduce offending by offering an intensive package of support for offenders who would otherwise be given a short custodial sentence. PBNI believes that the impact of such a scheme will promote equality of opportunity and benefit society generally.

Date Screening Completed: 08.04.16
Department Completing this Screening: PBNI Assistant Director Rural, Human Resources Department.